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(ii) Let T be a linear operator on a finite dimensional complex inner product space V. Show that T is unitary if and only if T is normal and $|\lambda|=1$ for every eigen value λ of T. (2+5.5)



[This question paper contains 8 printed pages.]

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Sr. No. of Question Paper: 5554

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Unique Paper Code

: 2352013602

Name of the Paper

: Advanced Linear Algebra

Name of the Course

: Bachelor of Science

(Honours Course)

Mathematics

Semester

VI

Duration: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 90

Instructions for Candidates

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
- 2. All questions are compulsory.
- 3. Attempt any TWO parts from each Question.

1. (a) Let T be a linear operator on R² defined as

$$T \binom{a}{b} = \binom{2a+b}{a-3b}.$$

For the ordered basis $\beta = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$ and

 $\beta' = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \right\}, \text{ of } \mathbb{R}^2, \text{ find the change of }$

coordinate matrix Q that changes β' -coordinates into β -coordinates. Also, verify that

$$[T]_{\beta'} = Q^{-1}[T]_{\beta} Q.$$
 (2.5+5)

(b) Let $V = P_1(R)$ and for $p(x) \in V$, let $f_1, f_2 \in V^*$ be defined as

$$f_1(p(x)) = \int_0^1 p(t) dt$$

(c) Find the best fit linear function for the data $\{(-3,9), (-2,6), (0,2), (1,1)\}$ using the least squares approximation. Also, compute the error E.

(5+2.5)

6. (a) Let T be a normal operator defined on a finite dimensional real inner product space V whose characteristic polynomial splits. Prove that V has an orthonormal basis of eigen vectors of T. Hence prove that T is self-adjoint.

(5+2.5)

(b) For the following matrix A, find an orthogonal matrix P and a diagonal matrix D such that $P^{t}AP = D$.

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}. \tag{7.5}$$

(c) (i) State the Spectral theorem.

(c) Let $W = \text{span } (\{(i, 0, 1)\})$ in C^3 . Find the orthonormal bases for W and W^{\perp} . (7.5)

5. (a) Let V = P(R) with the inner product defined as

$$\langle f(x), g(x) \rangle = \int_0^1 f(t) g(t) dt, \ \forall f(x), g(x) \in V.$$

Find the orthogonal projection of the vector $h(x) = 4 + 3x - 2x^2$ on the subspace $W = P_1(R)$. (7.5)

(b) (i) Let V be a finite dimensional inner product space and β be an orthonormal basis for V. If T is a linear operator on V, show that

$$[T^*]_{\beta} = ([T]_{\beta})^*.$$

(ii) For the inner product space $V = C^2$ and linear operator

$$T(z_1, z_2) = (2z_1 + iz_2, (1 - i)z_1),$$

evaluate T^* at $z = (3 - i, 1 + 2i).$ (4.5+3)

and
$$f_2(p(x)) = \int_0^2 p(t) dt$$

Prove that $\{f_1, f_2\}$ is a basis for V* and find a basis of V for which it is the dual basis.

istan harranda a a Thisit (3+4.5)

(c) Let V be finite dimensional vector space. Define the annihilator S⁰ of a subset S of V and prove that S⁰ is a subspace of V*. If W₁ and W₂ are subspaces of V, prove that

$$(W_1 + W_2)^0 = W_1^0 \cap W_2^0$$
. (3.5+4)

2. (a) Let $A = \begin{pmatrix} i & 1 \\ 2 & -i \end{pmatrix} \in M_{2\times 2}(C)$. Determine all eigen

values of A and for each eigen value λ of A, find the set of eigen vectors corresponding to λ . Also, find a basis for C^2 consisting of eigenvectors of A. (2.5+5)

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(b) Let T be a linear operator on P₂(R) defined as

$$T(f(x)) = f(0) + f(1)(x + x^2).$$

Test the linear operator T for diagonalizability. If T is diagonalizable, then find a basis β for V such that $[T]_{\beta}$ is a diagonal matrix. (2.5+5)

- (c) Let T be a diagonalizable linear operator on a finite dimensional vector space V and $\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \dots \lambda_k$ be the distinct eigen values of T. Prove that $V = E_{\lambda_1} \oplus E_{\lambda_2} \dots \dots \oplus E_{\lambda_k}, \text{ where } E_{\lambda_i} \text{ is the eigen}$ space of λ_i , for all i. (7.5)
 - 3. (a) Let T be a linear operator on the vector space $V = R^4$ defined as

$$T(a, b, c, d) = (a + b, b - c, a + c, a + d)$$

Find an ordered basis of the T-cyclic subspace W of V generated by $z = e_1$. Also, find the characteristic polynomial of T_W . (3+4.5)

(b) Let T be a linear operator defined on a finite dimensional vector space V. Prove that the characteristic polynomial and the minimal polynomial of T have the same zeros. (7.5)

- (c) Let T be a linear operator on $V = M_{n \times n}(R)$ defined as $T(A) = A^t$. Find the minimal polynomial of T. Hence show that T is diagonalizable. (7.5)
- (a) Let V be an inner product space, prove that the following inequality holds

$$\left|\left\langle x,y\right\rangle \right|\leq\left\|x\right\|\left\|y\right\|,\ \ \text{for all}\ \ x,\,y\ \in\ V.$$

Also, verify that the inequality holds for x = (1, 2i, 1 + i), y = (5 + i, 1, 2) in C^3 . (5+2.5)

(b) Let V be an inner product space and let S be an orthogonal subset of V consisting of nonzero vectors. Prove that S is linearly independent.

(7.5)