5831

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(b) How a binary heap is different from the binary search tree. Explain with the suitable example.

(6)

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[This question paper contains 8 printed pages.]

Your Roll No.....

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Sr. No. of Question Paper : 5831

Unique Paper Code

Name of the Paper

: Data Structures using C++

: GE (NEP-UGCF2022)

: 2344002003

Name of the Course

Semester

Duration : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 90

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raji, New Delhi

Instructions for Candidates

1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.

: IV

2. Section A is Compulsory.

3. Attempt any Four Questions from Section B.

4. Due credit will be given for proper indentation and documentation of code.

Section	$-\mathbf{A}$
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- (a) Letf(n) and g (n) be asymptotically positive functions. Prove or Disprove each of the following :
 - (i) f(n) = 0(g(n>) implies g(n) = 0(f(n)).
 - (ii) $f(n) + g(n) = \Theta$ (min (f(n) + g(n)). (6)
 - (b) What are the conditions used to determine the overflow and underflow of a queue? How are these conditions handled in case of circular queue? (4)
 - (c) Consider the following code segment :

```
for i <- 2 to m-1
{
for j <- 3 to i
```

}

}

```
sum <- sum + A[i][j]
```

Calculate the total computation time for the above code segment.

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1"

(4)

6. (a) Consider the following program given below : (9)

```
(i) int f(int *p, int n)
{
            if (n < = 1) return 0;
            else return max(f(p+1,n-l),p[0]-p[1]);
            }
            int main()
            {
            int a[] = {3, 5, 2, 6, 4};
            cout << " %d ", f(a, 5));
            }
}</pre>
```

Note: max(x, y) returns the maximum of x and y. What is the output of the program?

(ii) void fun1(int n)
{
 int i = 0;
 if (n > 1)
 fun1(n - 1);
 for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
 cout << " * ";</pre>

Determine the number of times the star will be printed.

5831

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- (b) Write a function in C++ to remove duplicates froma sorted array. (5)
- (a) Solve the following recurrence relations to find complexity value of T(n).
 - (i) T(n) = T(n-1) + 3 and T(1)=1 Using substitution method
 - (ii) T(n) = 3T(n/2) + cn and T(1)=c Using Recurrence tree method (8)
 - (b) For a binary tree T, the POSTORDER and INORDER traversal sequences are as follows :

INORDER – O, N, M, P, L, Q, A

POSTORDER - O, M, N, P, A, L, Q

- (i) Construct a Binary Tree.
- (ii) What is its pre-order traversal sequence?

(7)

5831

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(d) Solve the following recurrence relation using Master's Theorem : (4)

T(n) = 3T(n/2) + n

- (e) Write a formula f(n) to find the maximum and minimum number of nodes possible in a binary tree of height n.
 (4)
- (f) Define a class Single_LL having info and address as members of the class. Create an array xyz using the inf o elements of Single_LL. (4)
- (g) Compute the value of Postfix expression :
 - 8 3 4 + 3 8 2 / + * 2 ^ 3 +

Show the content of the stack after every step.

(4)

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Section – B

(Attempt any four)

2. (a) Consider the following circular queue capable of accommodating maximum six elements: The structure of a queue having three elements is shown below: (8)

Front = 2, Rear = 4

Queue: -- , -- , L, M, N, --

Index: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

Give the updated structure of the circular queue (as shown above) after each of the following operations :

- (i) Add 0
- (ii) Add P
- (iii) Delete two elements
- (iv) Add Q, R, S
- (v) Delete three elements

5831

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- (b) Construct a Binary Search Tree for the following keys in the given order. (7)
 - 75 70 44 48 98 108 91 145
- (a) Use array implementation to write the following Stack operations in C++ :
 - (i) PUSH(ii) POP (8)
 - (b) Sort the following array using insertion sort:

 $A = \{2, 13, 5, 18, 14\}$

Show the status of array after each iteration.

(7)

(a) Write a C++ function to solve the Tower of Hanoi problem using recursion. The function should accept the number of disks as input parameters, and display the steps to solve the problem.

(10)