4

- (ii) Find the conditional density functions of Y given X = x, and conditional density functions of X given Y = y.
- 7. (a) A problem in Statistics is given to the three students
 A, B and C whose chances of solving it are
 1 / 2, 3 /4, and 1 /4 respectively. What is, the probability that the problem will be solved if all of them try independently?
 - (b) A random variable X has a mean value of 5 and variance of 3, what is the least value of probability |X 5| < 3.

[This question paper contains 4 printed pages.]

Sr. No. of Question Paper	:	3699 H
Unique Paper Code	:	6202451203
Name of the Paper	:	Mathematics for computing -II
Name of the Course	:	B.Voc.
Semester	:	II
Duration : 3 Hours		Maximum Marks : 90

Your Roll No.....

Instructions for Candidates

- Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
- 2. Attempt any 5 questions.
- 3. All questions carry equal marks.
- (a) Define sample space and mutually exclusive events with example.
 - (b) Prove that probability of impossible event is zero.

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3699

- 2
- 2. (a) State and prove that Baye's theorem.
 - (b) Let variate X have the distribution P(X = 0)

 $= P(X = 2) = p, P(X = 1) = 1 - 2p \quad 0 \le p \le \frac{1}{2}, \quad \text{for}$ what value of **p** the variance is maximum.

- 3. (a) State and prove that central limit theorem.
 - (b) If X is a Poisson variate such that P(X = 2) =9P(X = 4) + 90P(X = 6) Calculate mean and variance of X,
- (a) Explain correlation coefficients of random variables with formulas.
 - (b) A computer calculating correlation coefficient between two variables X and Y from 25 pairs of observations obtained the following results n = 25, $\Sigma X = 125$, $\Sigma X^2 = 650$, $\Sigma Y = 100$, $\Sigma Y^2 = 460$, $\Sigma XY = 508$, later discovered at the time of checking that he had copied down two pairs as X has 6, 8 and Y has 14, 6 while the correct values are X has 8, 6 and Y has 12, 8 Obtain the correct value of correlation coefficients.

3699

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- 5. (a) Explain Chapman Kolmogorov equations and its applications?
 - (b) A random variable X has the following probability distribution

r	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
~			01	21.	21.	3k	722	71.2 1 1

then calculate the value of

- (i) *k*,
- (ii) P(X < 6),

(iii) P (0 < X < 5)

- 6. (a) Discuss the stochastic process with examples?
 - (b) The joint probability density functions of two-dimensional random variables

f(x, y) = 2, 0 < x < 1, 0 < y < x,

(i) Find the marginal density functions of X and Y.

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3