

Sl. No. of Q.P: 6063

12/12/17

(M)

Unique Paper Code :

2341503

Name of the paper :

Computer Graphics(~~ER~~)

Name of the Course :

B.Tech (Computer Science)

Semester :

V(~~ER~~)

Duration of Examination :

Three Hours

Maximum Marks:

75 Marks

F-9

Section A is compulsory

Attempt any four questions from section B.

Parts of a question must be answered together.

- Q1 a) Discuss the cases of trivial acceptance and trivial rejection in Cohen Sutherland Line Clipping algorithm. 4
- b) List the properties of Bezier Curves. 2
- c) What do you mean by interlacing in raster display devices? What is its advantage? 3
- d) Discuss two ways in which motion of an object can be specified in an animation system? 3
- e) Discuss a method to draw a thick primitive? 3
- f) What do you mean by perspective projection? What are various types of perspective projections? 5
- g) Briefly discuss the architecture of Random Scan Display Systems. 4
- h) Write a 2-D transformation matrix using homogenous coordinates for the following: 3+2
- i) Rotate about a fixed point (1,1)
- ii) Double the size of the object.
- i) Define the following : 2*3=6
- i) Vertical Retrace
- ii) Half toning
- iii) Specular Reflection
- Section-B
- Q2 a) Derive the required decision variables to scan convert the first quadrant of an ellipse. 4
- b) Calculate points on a line from (1,1) to (8,5) using Bresenham's line drawing algorithm. 6
- Q3 a) Differentiate between Phong shading and Gouraud shading. 4
- b) Consider a clip rectangle with end points (10,10), (20,10), (20,20), and (10,20). Using Cohen Sutherland Line clipping algorithm clip the line segment from (8,15) to (15,22). 6
- Q4 a) Give the transformation matrices to scale the triangle ABC to thrice its size with respect to C where (0,0), (1,1), and (5,2) are the co-ordinates of the points A,B, and C respectively. 6
- b) Show that origin is transformation invariant under a 2X2 general transformation matrix. 4
- Q5 a) Consider the triangle ABC with A(0,0), B(5,0), and C(0,5). Apply shearing of 3 units along Y-axis and 4 units along X-axis. Use homogeneous coordinates. 3
- b) Differentiate between Cavalier and Cabinet projections. 4
- c) List and explain the data structures used in scan line fill algorithm. 3
- Q6 a) What is a Chromacity Diagram? 2
- b) Briefly explain any two the data structures used to represent a polygon mesh. 4
- c) Explain Warnock's Area Sub Division algorithm with an example. 4
- Q7 a) Define Morphing. Specify the rules to equalize the set of edges in key 2+3=5

frames 'k' and 'k+1'.

- b) Consider a line segment AB parallel to the z axis with end points A(3,2,4,1) and B(3,2,8,1). Perform a perspective projection onto $z=0$ plane from centre of projection at $z_c = -2$

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