

6. (a) Define multiple regression and polynomial regression model. Explain the role of orthogonal polynomials in fitting polynomial models in one variable. 7
- (b) Write a note on the extra sum of squares method that can be used to test the hypotheses about any subset of regressor variables. 5.5
7. (a) For a simple linear regression model, develop a test for lack of fit. 5
- (b) Suppose $X_i, Y_i, Z_i, i = 1, 2, \dots, n$ are $3n$ independent observations with common variance σ^2 and expectations $E(X_i) = \theta_1, E(Y_i) = \theta_2, E(Z_i) = \theta_1 - \theta_2, i = 1, 2, \dots, n$. Find the BLUEs of θ_1, θ_2 and $\theta_1 + \theta_2$. Also find $\text{cov}(\hat{\theta}_1 + \hat{\theta}_2)$. 7.5
8. Write notes on any **two** of the following : 6,6.5
- (i) General linear model
- (ii) Orthogonal columns in X matrix
- (iii) Stepwise regression method

[This question paper contains 4 printed pages]

Your Roll No. :

Sl. No. of Q. Paper : **2279** **IC**

Unique Paper Code : 32371402

Name of the Course : **B.Sc. (Hons.) Statistics**

Name of the Paper : Linear Models

Semester : IV

Time : 3 Hours **Maximum Marks : 75**

Instructions for Candidates :

- (a) Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
- (b) Attempt **six** questions in **all**, selecting **three** questions from each **Section**.

Section - I

1. Suppose $\underline{Y} = (Y_1, Y_2, \dots, Y_n)'$ to be a vector of n independent standard normal variates. Prove that a necessary and sufficient condition for $\underline{Y}'A\underline{Y}$ to be distributed as chi-square variate with k d.f. is that A an idempotent matrix of rank k . 12.5
2. (a) Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be real numbers with mean \bar{x} . Consider the linear model $Y_i = \alpha + \beta(x_i - \bar{x}) + \varepsilon_i, i = 1, 2, \dots, n$ with the usual assumptions. Show that the BLUEs of α and β are uncorrelated. 5

- (b) Consider three independent random variables Y_1, Y_2 and Y_3 having common variance σ^2 and expectations as given below:

$$E(Y_1) = \beta_1 + \beta_3, E(Y_2) = \beta_1 + \beta_2, E(Y_3) = \beta_1 + \beta_3,$$

Determine the condition of estimability of a parametric function. Also, determine the sum of squares due to error. 7.5

3. (a) Complete the following table for analysis of variance of a fixed effects two way classified data with one observation per cell : 6

Source of variation	Sum of Squares	Degrees of freedom	Mean square	Variance ratio
Factor A	26.8	4
Factor B	..	3
Error	2.5	
Total	85.3	

- (b) Suppose $\underline{Y} \sim N_3(\underline{0}, I)$ and

$$A = \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (i) Are $\underline{Y}'A\underline{Y}$ and $2y_1 + y_2$ independent ?

- (ii) Are $\underline{Y}'A\underline{Y}$ and $B\underline{Y}$ independent ?
 (iii) Find the distribution of $\underline{Y}'A\underline{Y}$, stating the appropriate theorem to be used and also, find the distribution of $\underline{Y}'D\underline{Y}$ and $\underline{Y}/\underline{Y}$, where $D = I - A$. Are $\underline{Y}'A\underline{Y}$ and $\underline{Y}'D\underline{Y}$ independent ? 6.5

4. Derive the Analysis of Covariance for a single factor with one covariate. Also, obtain the standard error of the difference between any two adjusted means. 12.5

Section - II

5. (a) Stating clearly the underlying assumptions of the simple linear regression model through the origin, obtain the least estimate of the regression parameter along with its variance. 5
 (b) Suppose that we have fit the straight-line model $\hat{y} = \hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 x_1$ but the response is affected by a second variable x_2 such that the true regression function is $E(y) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_1 + \beta_2 x_2$.
 (i) Is the least-squares estimator of the slope in the original simple linear regression model unbiased ?
 (ii) Show the bias is $\hat{\beta}_1$. 7.5